

LOURDES CENTRAL SCHOOL, BEJAI, MANGALURU
MODEL PAPER (MID TERM EXAMINATION) – SEPTEMBER 2022
SUBJECT- ENGLISH

CLASS: VII

DATE: 07/09/2022

DURATION: 3 Hours

MAXIMUM MARKS: 60

General instructions:

I. The question paper is divided into three sections

Section A : Reading

Section B : Grammar and Writing

Section C : Literature

II. All Questions are compulsory.

III. All questions of that particular section must be attempted in the correct order.

SECTION A : READING (15 MARKS)

Q.1. Read the following passage carefully and answer the following questions

8x1=8

Our world seems to be in the grip of speed age. Don't you see everyone in a great hurry to reach somewhere? God knows where and why? Out on the roads, fast moving vehicles are driven faster, pedestrians also appear to be running instead of walking, queue or no queue, hefty people push their way through the crowd, injuring or hurting women, old people or even small children. Doctors, lawyers, and even shopkeepers have no patience or time to listen to you, or attend to you. People have no time even to have their food peacefully and so 'superfast' food joints have sprung up. No surprise then that so many suffer from hypertension or heart diseases. Even nature seems to have joined this race. Years, months, weeks and days seem simply to fly away as if to take mankind faster to the new century promising a brighter and happier era.

1.The world seems to be in the grip of age.

(a) stone

(b) speed

- (c) iron
- (d) none of these

2. How do pedestrians look like on the road?

- (a) Walking
- (b) Jogging
- (c) Running
- (d) Talking

3. Why have 'superfast' foods become popular?

- (a) People have no time to have their food peacefully
- (b) People have no time to cook food
- (c) People do not want to cook food
- (d) None of these.

4. seems to have joined this race.

- (a) Trees
- (b) Earth
- (c) Plants
- (d) Nature

5. People suffer from due to speed age.

- (a) cancer
- (b) headache
- (c) hypertension
- (d) fever

6. Pick out the word from the passage which means the same as 'the person walking on foot'.

- (a) driver
- (b) pedestrian
- (c) plumber
- (d) carpenter

7. 'Century' means a period of

- (a) ten years
- (b) twenty years

- (c) hundred years
- (d) fifty year

8. Synonym of endurance _____

- (a) restraint
- (b) suffering
- (c) patience
- (d) cool

Q.2. Read the following passage carefully and answer the following questions

7x1=7

Proper food is the basic requirement of health. Health does not mean the absence of diseases; it rather means the presence of energy and vitality. Most of the food we eat daily does not contain essential nutrients needed for the preservation of health and prevention of diseases. There are various kinds of foods. Protective foods are essential for prevention of diseases and are needed both by the healthy and the sick. They are rich in proteins, vitamins and minerals. Energy giving foods are rich in carbohydrates and are needed by those who are engaged in hard physical labour. Body building foods are rich in proteins. Diet of growing children, adolescents and nursing mothers should contain sufficient quantity of protein for growth and for repair and maintenance of body tissues.

1..... is the basic requirement of health.

- (a) Food
- (b) Exercise
- (c) Rest
- (d) Disease

2. Health means presence of

- (a) energy
- (b) disease
- (c) nutrition
- (d) protection

3. Energy giving foods are rich in

- (a) proteins
- (b) carbohydrates
- (c) fats
- (d) vitamins

4. Body building foods are rich in

- (a) fats
- (b) vitamins
- (c) carbohydrates
- (d) proteins

5. Which group of people do not necessarily require protein-rich diet?

- (a) Growing children
- (b) Adolescents
- (c) Nursing mothers
- (d) Grown-ups

6. Those who do hard physical labour must be given

- (a) proteins
- (b) fats
- (c) carbohydrates
- (d) vitamins

7. Which word means the same as 'period of growing youth'?

- (a) Children Growing
- (b) Adolescents
- (c) children
- (d) Grown ups

SECTION B : WRITING AND GRAMMAR(20 MARKS)

Q. 3. Your dad decides to give you the birthday gift that you wished. Write a diary entry expressing your feelings in not more than 80 to 100 words. **5x1=5**

Q. 4. Write a letter to your friend who has been absent from school for about a week due to illness. **5x1=5**

Q.5. Rearrange these words to make correct sentences. **1x2=2**

1. With his noisy / strutted in / companions / the chief
2. as/around/ he looked/ the large crowd/ he sat down

Q.6. Fill in the blanks with the determiners - a, an, any or some **1x4=4**

1. The pictures were painted by hand, and _____ of them were very beautiful
2. Alex is training to be _____ Engineer.
3. _____ full-grown banyan tree has few branches.
4. I bought _____ story books for my sister.

Q.7. Complete the following with the correct forms of adjectives given in the brackets. **1 x 2 = 2**

1. It is _____ to play sportingly than to win. (important)
2. Out of all the three children, do you think Naved is the _____ one (energetic)

Q.8. Add question tags to these statements to make questions. **1X2=2**

1. We had a long wait at the airport, _____?
2. Mohit doesn't work hard, _____

SECTION C : LITERATURE (25 MARKS)

Q.9. Read the Extracts carefully and answer the questions that follow:

1. *"That's the man who stole my bonbons ! Seize Him! Arrest him! Don't let him escape!"* **3x1=3**

- a. Mention the speaker here.
- b. For whom is the speaker calling a thief?
- c. What did the senator do before the speaker said those words?

2. At last we reached the final peak. **4x1=4**

The summit beckons us to come

The air is cold, our feet are numb.

We climb to reach the grail we seek

- a. What does the poet express in these lines?
- b. Why were their feet numb?
- c. To whom does 'us' refer to?
- d. What does the phrase 'grail we seek' mean?

3. "Ain't you going to put the boots in?"

3x1=3

- a. Who said these words ?
- b. When did he say these words?
- c. Was he really worried about the boots being packed?

Q. 10 Answer the following Questions.

2x5=10

- 1. Why does the toothbrush haunt the writer when he's travelling?
- 2. What had compelled Mr. Fogg to take on the bet?
- 3. What was the writer's experience of her visit to the grandparents on 25th July 2013.
- 4. Why should children play informal/ outdoor games with their friends?
- 5. What happened when the travelers reached the top?

Q. 11. Answer any ONE of the following

5x1=5

- 1. Describe the events that take place at the Bostwick resident after Bessie brings home the box of bonbons.
- 2. Write the character sketch of Gaya.

लूडर्स सेंट्रल स्कूल, मंगलूर

अभ्यास पत्रिका - 2022

हिंदी

कक्षा : VII

दिनांक : 09/09/2020

निर्धारित समय : 2:30 घंटे

कुल अंक : 60

- निर्देश : 1) इस प्रश्न पत्र के चार खंड हैं - क, ख, ग, घ
2) चारों खंडों के प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है ।
3) यथा-संभव प्रश्नों के सभी उपभागों के उत्तर क्रमशः लिखिए ।

खंड - क (अपठित बोध)

1. निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए : 5

उस दिन गाँधी जी को एक पहाड़ी गाँव में किसी जन-सभा को संबोधित करना था। पहाड़ की ऊँची चढ़ाई को पार कर दूसरी तरफ़ वह गाँव था । गाँधी जी तेज़ी के साथ पहाड़ की चढ़ाई पर चढ़ रहे थे। अचानक उन्होंने देखा कि एक बारह-तेरह वर्ष की लड़की अपने चार-पाँच साल के भाई को कंधों पर बिठाए उसी चढ़ाई पर चढ़ रही है। पसीने से लड़की लथपथ हो चुकी थी। गाँधी को लड़की पर दया आई। आगे बढ़कर बोले, "ला बेटा, अपना बोझ मुझे दे-दे।" लड़की ने अचकचाकर कहा, "कहाँ है बोझ? यह तो मेरा भाई है।" गाँधीजी उसे देखते ही रह गए। लड़की ने कितनी बड़ी बात, कितने सहज रूप में समझा दी थी। जहाँ प्रेम है, ममता है, वहाँ कोई भी बोझ 'बोझ' नहीं होता ।

- 1] गाँधीजी पहाड़ पर क्या करने गए थे ? (2)
- 2] लड़की पसीने से लथपथ क्यों थी ? (1)
- 3] गाँधीजी को लड़की पर दया क्यों आई ? (1)
- 4] लड़की को भाई बोझ क्यों नहीं लगा ? (1)

2. उपर्युक्त गद्यांश के आधार पर निम्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए । 5

संसार के प्राणियों के लिए ऊर्जा परम आवश्यक है । पेड़-पौधे सूर्य से ऊर्जा ग्रहण करते हैं । सूर्य से प्राप्त होनेवाली ऊर्जा सौर ऊर्जा कहलाती है। समस्त प्राणी जीवन-यापन के लिए प्रकृति पर निर्भर रहते हैं । उसके विभिन्न स्रोतों में ऊर्जा के पारंपरिक स्रोत - लकड़ी , कोयला, पेट्रोल, मिट्टी का तेल आदि हैं । आधुनिक युग में विज्ञान ने ऊर्जा के जो नए स्रोत खोज निकाले हैं, उन्हें गैर पारंपरिक स्रोत कहा जाता है । इंधनवाली ऊर्जा, पवन ऊर्जा, जल ऊर्जा, सौर ऊर्जा , गैस ऊर्जा, परमाणु ऊर्जा, भूतापीय ऊर्जा आदि गैर पारंपरिक ऊर्जा के स्रोत हैं । पारंपरिक स्रोतों से प्राप्त होनेवाली ऊर्जा की कमी के कारण ही गैर पारंपरिक ऊर्जा स्रोतों की खोज की जा रही है ।

- 1) संसार के प्राणियों के लिए क्या आवश्यक है ? (1)
- 2) सौर ऊर्जा किसे कहते हैं ? (1)
- 3) ऊर्जा के पारंपरिक स्रोत कौन-कौन से हैं ? (1)
- 4) ऊर्जा के गैर पारंपरिक स्रोतों के नाम लिखिए : (1)
- 5) गैर पारंपरिक स्रोतों से ऊर्जा क्यों प्राप्त की जाती है ? (1)

खंड - ख (व्याकरण)

3) निर्देशानुसार उत्तर लिखिए :

अ] पर्यायवाची शब्द (दो-दो) लिखिए :

4

- i] रहस्य ii] समुद्र iii] निकट iv] नौकर

आ] विलोम लिखिए :

2

- i] हर्ष ii] डर iii] मान iv] गहरा

इ] समास विग्रह करके समास का नाम लिखिए :

1

- i] अन्न-जल ii] चौमासा

ई] संधि विच्छेद करके संधि का नाम लिखिए :

1

- i] प्रश्नोत्तर ii] हिमालय

उ] वचन बदलिए :

1

- i] टाँग ii] पाठशाला

4) मूलशब्द व प्रत्यय/उपसर्ग को अलग कीजिए :

1

- i] रंगीन ii] अस्वस्थ

5) मुहावरों का वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए ताकि उसका अर्थ स्पष्ट हो :

3

- i] दिल धक-धक करना ii] गप्पे लड़ाना iii] पेट में चूहे दौड़ना

6) निम्नलिखित वाक्यों में से विशेषण / क्रियाविशेषण को छाँटकर भेद लिखिए :

2

i] वह अधिक बोलता है। (1/2)

ii] वह रातभर जगता रहा। (1/2)

iii] राधा अच्छी गायिका है, वह अच्छा गाती है। (1)

7) पठित पद्यांश को पढ़कर दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए :

4

आकाश का साफ़ा बाँधकर
सूरज की चिलम खींचता
बैठा है पहाड़,
घुटनों पर पड़ी है नदी चादर-सी,
पास ही दहक रही है
पलाश के जंगल की अँगीठी
अँधकार दूर पूर्व में
सिमटा बैठा है भेड़ों के गल्ले-सा ।

प्रश्न

अ] पहाड़ को किस रूप में दर्शाया गया है ?

- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| i] एक आदमी के रूप में | ii] एक बूढ़े के रूप में |
| iii] एक बच्चे के रूप में | iv] एक किसान के रूप में |

आ] पहाड़ के चरणों में बहती नदी किस रूप में दिखाई देती है ?

- | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| i] साफ़े के रूप में | ii] चादर के रूप में |
| iii] रुमाल के रूप में | iv] पोषाक के रूप में |

इ] जंगल में खिले पलाश के फूल कैसे प्रतीत होते हैं ?

- | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| i] सूर्य की लालिमा लिए | ii] खिले बगीचे की भाँति |
| iii] जलती अँगीठी की भाँति | iv] चिलम की भाँति |

ई] अँधेरी की तुलना किससे की गई है ?

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| i] सुलगती आग से | ii] चिलम से |
| iii] आग से | iv] झुंड में बैठी भेड़ों से |

8] पठित गद्यांश को पढ़कर दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए :

4

बरसात की रातों से तो ये रातें कहीं अच्छी हैं , पेड़राजा बरसात की रातों में तो रातभर भीगते रहो, बादलों से आनेवाले पानी की मार खाते रहो , तेज़ हवाओं में भी बल्ब को कसकर पकड़े बराबर एक टाँग पर खड़े रहो-बिल्कुल अच्छा नहीं लगता । उस वक्त लगता है, इससे तो अच्छा था - न होता बिजली के खंभे का जन्म बल्ब फेंक , तब दूर कहीं भाग जाने का जी होता है ।

प्रश्न

अ] इस गद्यांश में कौन किसको अपनी व्यथा कह रहा है ?

i] एक खंभा कौए से ii] एक खंभा पेड़ से iii] एक खंभा लड़की से

आ] रात शब्द का बहुवचन है :

i] रातों ii] रातीं iii] रातें

इ] खंभे को बरसात की रातें कैसे लगती हैं ?

i] बुरा ii] लुभावनी iii] अच्छी

ई] बरसात की रातों में तेज़ हवाओं के समय खंभे को क्या सावधानी बरतनी पड़ती है?

i] बल्ब को कसकर पकड़े दो टाँग पर खड़े रहना ।

ii] बल्ब को बिना पकड़े एक टाँग पर खड़े रहना ।

iii] बल्ब को कसकर पकड़े एक टाँग पर खड़े रहना ।

9) पठित पाठ के आधार पर दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए :

6

i] मिठाईवाले के आने पर बच्चों की क्या प्रतिक्रिया होती थी? (2)

ii] 'पापा खो गए' नाटक में सबसे बुद्धिमान कौन लगा और क्यों? (2)

iii] तोतो-चान ने अपनी योजना को बड़ों से क्यों छिपाया? (2)

10) पठित कविता के आधार पर दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए :

4

i] कठपुतली को गुस्सा क्यों आया? (2)

ii] अँधकार किस प्रकार प्रतीत हो रहा है? (2)

11) निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर एक वाक्य में लिखिए: (पूरक पुस्तक)

5

i] शांतनु और गंगा के पुत्र का नाम क्या था ?

ii] अजीवन ब्रह्मचारी रहने की प्रतिज्ञा किसने ली ?

iii] शांतनु कहाँ के राजा थे ?

iv] पृथा किसकी पुत्री थी ?

v] पांडवों ने अस्त्र-शस्त्र की शिक्षा किससे प्राप्त की ?

खंड - घ (लेखन)

12) दिए गए संकेत बिंदुओं के आधार पर किसी एक विषय पर 80-100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए:4

i] यदि न बचेंगे वन, नहीं रहेंगे हम

- * वनों का कटाव क्यों
- * प्रकृति पर प्रभाव
- * वन रक्षा के उपाय

ii] आत्मविश्वास

- * तात्पर्य
- * सफलता की प्रथम सीढ़ी
- * असंभव कार्य भी संभव

13) चोट लगने के कारण तीन दिनों की छुट्टी के लिए प्रधानाचार्यजी को प्रार्थना पत्र लिखिए : 4

14) चित्र देखकर मन में उभरे विचारों को 20-30 शब्दों में लिखिए : 4



ಲೂಡ್ಸ್ ಸೆಂಟ್ರಲ್ ಸ್ಕೂಲ್ ಬಿಜ್ಜೆ - ಮಂಗಳೂರು

ಅರ್ಧವಾರ್ಷಿಕ ಮಾದರಿ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆ

ತರಗತಿ : 7

ದಿನಾಂಕ :09/09/2022

ಸಮಯ: 90 ನಿಮಿಷಗಳು

ಅಂಕಗಳು: 40

I. ವಿರುದ್ಧಾರ್ಥಕ ಪದ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ

1. ಸತ್ಯ 2. ಮೇಲೆ 3. ಒಳಗೆ 4. ನಗು 2

II. ಸರಿಯಾದ ಅರ್ಥ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

4

1. ಎನಿತು 2. ವರ್ಣರಂಜಿತ 3. ಚಳುವಳಿ 4.ನೋವು

III. ಸಮಾನಾರ್ಥಕ ಪದ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

4

1. ರಂಗು _____ 2. ನಿರಟ _____
3. ಕದಡು _____ 2. ಹೂವು _____

IV. ಖಾಲಿ ಸ್ಥಳವನ್ನು ತುಂಬಿ

6

1. ಕೆಂಪು ಕೊಕ್ಕಿನ ಹಸಿರು ಮೈ ಬಣ್ಣದ ಹಕ್ಕಿ -----
2. ಬಿ. ಸಿ. ರಾಯ್ ಅವರಿಗೆ ಸಂದ ಪ್ರಶಸ್ತಿ -----
3. ಬಿಳಿಬಿಳಿಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿರುವ ಮರ -----
4. ಕಾಮನ ಬಿಲ್ಲಿನ ರಂಗಿನ ಹಕ್ಕಿ -----
5. ಬಿ. ಸಿ. ರಾಯ್ ಅವರು ----- ಅವರ ನೆಚ್ಚಿನ ಸೇನಾಪತಿಗಳಲ್ಲೊಬ್ಬರು.
6. ಹಾಡುವ ಹಕ್ಕಿ -----

V. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪದಗಳನ್ನು ಬಿಡಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

4

1. ಕೈಗಳನೆಸೆದು 2. ಸಭೆಯಲ್ಲಿ 3. ಯೋಜನೆಯನ್ನು 4. ಗೊತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ

VI. ಈ ಮಾತನ್ನು ಯಾರು/ಯಾರಿಗೆ ಹೇಳಿದರು?

4

1. “ಜೇನು ತುಪ್ಪ ಬಹಳ ಪುಷ್ಟೀಕರ”
2. “ಈ ವರ್ಷ ನಮ್ಮ ತೋಟ ಗದ್ದೆಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಪೈರೇನೋ ಚೆನ್ನಾಗಿದೆ ಆದರೆ ಹಕ್ಕಿಗಳ ಕಾಟ”
3. “ಅಲ್ಲಿ ನೋಡಿ ಕೋಗಿಲೆ ಎಷ್ಟೊಂದು ಇಂಪಾಗಿ ಕೂಗುತ್ತಿದೆ”.
4. “ಮಕ್ಕಳೇ ಪ್ರಕೃತಿಯಲ್ಲಿರುವ ಸಮತೋಲನವನ್ನು ಹಾಳುಮಾಡಬಾರದು”

VII. ವಚನ ಬದಲಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ

4

1. ಬಾಲ್ಯ 2. ಅಮ್ಮ 3. ಹಲ್ಲು 4. ಅಜ್ಜ
5. ಕತ್ತರಿ 6. ಅಕ್ಕ 7. ಗೆಳೆಯ 8. ಪತ್ರ

1. ಟಿ.ವಿ ಯ ದೆಸೆಯಿಂದ ಯಾರ ನಡುವೆ ಹರಟೆಯ ಮಾತು ನಡೆಯುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ ?
2. ಪ್ರತೀಕ್ಷಾಳ ತಂದೆ ಭಾರಿಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದ ವಾದ್ಯ ಯಾವುದು ?
3. ಮಿಥಿಲಾಪುರದ ನದೀ ದಡದ ಹಳ್ಳಿಯ ರೈತರು ಬೆಳೆಯುತ್ತಿದ್ದ ಹಣ್ಣುಗಳಾವುವು ?
4. ಗೀಜಗ ಯಾವ ಪಕ್ಷಿಯ ತರಹ ಇದೆ?
5. ಕೋಗಿಲೆ ಹೇಗೆ ಕೂಗುತ್ತದೆ?
6. ಹುತ್ತವನ್ನು ಯಾವ ಹುಳುಗಳು ನಿರ್ಮಿಸುತ್ತವೆ?
7. ಪ್ರತೀಕ್ಷಾ ದೆಹಲಿಗೆ ಏಕೆ ಹೊರಟಿದ್ದಳು ?
8. ಜುಲೈ ಒಂದರಂದೇ ವೈದ್ಯರ ದಿನಾಚರಣೆಯನ್ನು ಯಾಕೆ ಆಚರಿಸಲಾಗುತ್ತದೆ ?
9. ಕೂಸುಮರಿ ಪದ್ಯವನ್ನು ಬರೆದ ಕವಿಯ ಹೆಸರೇನು?
10. ಪ್ರತೀಕ್ಷಾ ಯಾರಿಗೆ ಪತ್ರ ಬರೆದಳು ?
11. ಬಣ್ಣದ ಟಿವಿ ಪದ್ಯವನ್ನು ಬರೆದ ಕವಿ ಯಾರು ?
12. ಎಳೆ ಬಿಸಿಲನ್ನು ಎರಚುವವರು ಯಾರೆಂದು ಕವಿ ಹೇಳಿದ್ದಾರೆ ?

LOURDES CENTRAL SCHOOL
MODEL QUESTION PAPER - October 2022

Class: VII . Subject: Mathematics. Max Marks: 60. Time : 2hours 15 mins

General Instructions

- All questions are compulsory.
- (i) The question paper consists 30 questions divided into four sections A, B, C , D.
- (ii) Section A comprises of 20 questions of 1 mark each, Q no 6 is **Case based question** Section B comprises of 5 questions of 2 marks each , Section C comprises of 6 questions of 3 marks each , Section D comprises of 3question of 4 marks .

Section A

1 x 20 = 20m

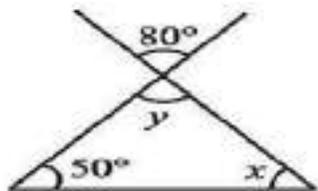
1. Which of the following statement is true?
(a) $0 \div 3 = 3 \div 0$ (b) $18 - 5 = 5 - 18$ (c) $5 + (-3) = 3 + (-5)$ (d) $2 \times 5 = - 2 \times -5$
2. Two angles forming a linear pair are :
(a) equal (b) supplementary (c) complementary (d) none of these
3. The difference between the highest and the lowest observation is defined as _____
(a) Average (b) Central value (c) Mode (d) Range
4. Two cubes of dimensions 2cm x 2cm x 2cm are placed side by side , the length of resulting cuboid is :
(a) 2cm (b) 3cm (c) 4 cm (d) 6 cm
5. Find a number such that one fifth of it minus 4 gives 3 :
(a) 45 (b) 25 (c) 35 (d) 30
6. In a shop , there are 600 fruits . $\frac{3}{5}$ of them are mangoes, $\frac{1}{8}$ of them are apples , $\frac{1}{12}$ of them are oranges and the remaining are bananas .
6 (i) What is the total number of fruits in a shop?
(a) 700 (b) 600 (c) 500 (d) 800
6 (ii) The number of mangoes in a shop:
(a) 300 (b) 350 (c) 360 (d) 380
6 (iii) The number of apples in a shop:
(a) 70 (b) 75 (c) 50 (d) 80
6 (iv) The number of oranges in a shop:
(a) 70 (b) 75 (c) 50 (d) 80
6 (v) The number of bananas in a shop:
(a) 360 (b) 150 (c) 160 (d) 115

7. At Srinagar temperature was -6°C on Monday and then it dropped by 3°C on Tuesday. What was the temperature of Srinagar on Tuesday?
8. If two lines intersect at a point, then the vertically opposite angles are always_____.
9. “The product of two negative integers is always negative”. Given statement is true or false.
10. “If two angles are supplementary then the sum of their measures is 360° ”. Given statement is true or false.
11. Find the mean of the first five odd numbers .
12. Write the following statement in the form of an equation.
“Four times a number p is 8”
13. The perpendicular line segment from a vertex of a triangle to its opposite side is called _____.
14. The sum of the lengths of any two sides of a triangle is greater than the third side. Given statement is true or false
15. What will be the shape of the horizontal and vertical cross – sections of an ice – cream cone?
16. A _____ is a skeleton – outline of a solid that can be folded to make it .

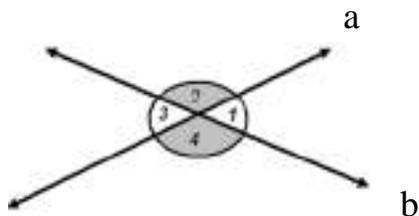
Section B

2 x 5 = 10m

17. Find : (a) 0.44×0.2 (b) $547.8 \div 1000$
18. Find the value of the unknown interior angle x and y in the following figure:



19. A container has 40 balls, 15 green balls and 25 red balls. A ball is drawn at random.
 - a. What is the probability of drawing a red ball?
 - b. What is the probability of drawing a green ball?
20. In the figure $\angle 1 = 45^{\circ}$, find the other angles.



21. Simplify by using distributive property : $(-80) \times 19 + (-80) \times (-4)$

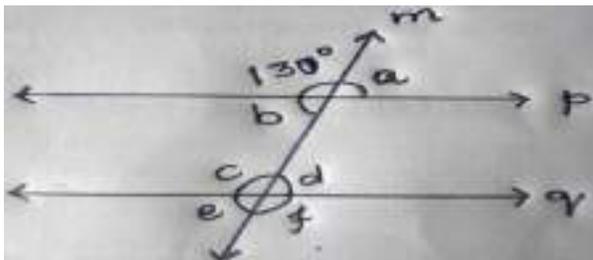
Section C**3x 6= 18m**

22. Write down the number of vertices , edges and faces in each of the following solids.

(a) Square pyramid

(b) Triangular prism

23. In the adjoining figure, $p \parallel q$, m is a transversal . Find the unknown angles.



24.(a) Raju's mother's age is 4 years more than two times Raju's age. Find

Raju's age, if his mother is 42 years old.

(b) Solve: $9z + 4 = 85$

25. Seven persons were asked to guess the length of a bamboo stick. Their answers are given below:

82 , 84 , 76 , 73 , 75 , 76 , 80

Find (a) mode (b) median (c) mean

26.(a) The two interior opposite angles of an exterior angle of a triangle are 60° and 80° . Find the measure of the exterior angle.

(b) Two angles of a triangle are 30° and 75° . Find the third angle.

27. Evaluate each of the following :

(i) $4000 \div (-100)$

(iii) $(-7) - (-14)$

(ii) $5 \times (-8) \times 9$

Section D**3x 4= 12m**

28. Maximum and minimum temperatures on a day at four different places in India are given in tabular form. Draw a double bar graph to represent the below data.

City	Delhi	Chennai	Amritsar	Kolkata
Maximum Temperature (in $^\circ$ C)	33	33	31	30
Minimum Temperature (in $^\circ$ C)	25	28	25	20

29. Solve: a) $4(x + 5) = 20$ b) $y - \frac{7}{10} = \frac{2}{5}$

30. Find: (a) $3\frac{5}{9} \div \frac{8}{15}$

(b) Out of a cloth of length $2\frac{5}{12}$ m , a tailor uses $1\frac{4}{15}$ m to stitch a shirt. Find the length of the leftover piece of cloth.

LOURDES CENTRAL SCHOOL, BEJAI, MANGALURU
MODEL PAPER MID-TERM EXAMINATION 2022
GENERAL SCIENCE

CLASS: VII

MAX MARKS: 60

DATE: 09.09.2022

DURATION: 2hours 15 min.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- (i) The question paper comprises four sections A, B, C, D and E. There are 27 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Section-A-question no. 1 to 10 - all questions are of one mark each.
- (iii) Section-B- question no. 11 to 17 carrying 2 marks each.
- (iv) Section-C-question no. 18 to 24 are short answer type questions, carrying 3 marks each.
- (v) Section D question no. 25 to 27 are long answer type questions carrying 5 marks each.
- (vi) Wherever necessary, neat and properly labelled diagrams should be drawn.

SECTION A

1.	Which one of the following is an autotroph? (a) Lichens (b) Algae (c) Fungus (d) Cuscuta	1
2.	The finger-like outgrowths of Amoeba helps to ingest food. However, the finger-like outgrowths of human intestine helps to: (a) digest the fatty food substances (b) make the food soluble (c) absorb the digested food (d) absorb the undigested food	1
3.	Given below from (i) to (iv) are some food items. (i) Boiled and mashed potato (ii) Glucose solution (iii) A slice of bread (iv) Mustard oil Which of the above will give blue-black colour when tested with iodine? (a) (i) and (ii) (b) (i) and (iii) (c) (ii) and (iii) (d) (iii) and (iv)	1
4.	The caterpillars of silkworms feed on (a) peepal leaves (b) grass (c) rose leaves (d) mulberry leaves	1
5	Which of the following is a good conductor of heat? (a) Iron (b) Steel (c) Aluminium (d) All of these	1
6	What is the SI unit of temperature? (a) Kelvin (b) Celsius (c) Fahrenheit (d) None of these	1
7	Paheli is suffering from indigestion due to acidity. In this situation, she is advisable to take: [A]. Common salt solution. [B]. Orange juice, [C]. Sugar solution, [D]. None of the above.	1
8	The process of depositing a layer of zinc over iron is known as (a) aluminisation (b) galvanisation (c) fertilisation (d) ironing	1
9	Out of the given definition, which is the most appropriate definition of climate? [A]. Changes in weather condition in a year [B]. Average weather pattern of many years [C]. Change in weather pattern in a few years [D]. Weather conditions during summer	1

10	In which horizon of soil minerals are found? (a) A (b) B (c) C (d) None of these	1
SECTION B		
11.	From where do the plants obtain nitrogen?	2
12.	Why most of the things are spoiled by fungi during rainy season only?	2
13.	Glucose is considered as the source of instant energy, why?	2
14	What is shearing? Explain.	2
15	Ventilators are situated close to the ceilings and not near the floor. Why?	2
16	Mention two adaptive features in penguin which help it in swimming.	2
17	Describe the climate of polar regions.	2
SECTION C		
18	Explain the process of photosynthesis.	3
19..	How does digestion occur in ruminants grass-eating animals?	3
20.	Explain selective breeding.	3
21	What are Villi? Where are they located? What is their function?	3
22	Write any three precautions to be taken while reading a clinical thermometer.	3
23	Classify the changes involved in the following processes as physical or chemical changes: (a) Photosynthesis (b) Dissolving sugar in water (c) Burning of coal (d) Melting of wax (e) Beating aluminium to make aluminium foil (f) Digestion of food	3
24	What do you understand by symbiotic relationship? Explain with an example.	3
SECTION D		
25	Explain why: (a) An antacid tablet is taken when you suffer from acidity (b) Calamine solution is applied on the skin when an ant bites. (c) Factory waste is neutralised before disposing it into the water bodies. b) Write word equations: a) Magnesium oxide reacts with water. b) When carbon dioxide is passed through lime water it turns milky.	5
26	a) Explain why burning of wood and cutting it into small pieces are considered as two different types of changes. ~ b) Differentiate between physical and chemical changes.	5
27	How can soil erosion be prevented? (2) Draw the different horizons of soil.(3)	5

LOURDES CENTRAL SCHOOL, BEJAI, MANGALURU
MODEL PAPER- (MID TERM EXAMINATION) – SEPTEMBER 2022
SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE (Code 087)

CLASS: VII

DATE: 07/09/2022

DURATION: 2 Hours 15 Minutes

MAXIMUM MARKS: 60

General Instructions:

1. This question paper comprises of five sections: Section A, Section B, Section C, Section D, Section E.
2. There are 30 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
3. Section A – Question no. 1 to 20 are **Objective Type Questions** of 1 mark each.
4. Section B – Question no. 21 to 25 are **Short Answer Type Questions** carrying 3 marks each. Answer to these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
5. Section C – Question no. 26 and 27 are **Source Based Questions** carrying 5 marks each.
6. Section D – Question no. 28 and 29 are **Long Answer Type Questions** carrying 5 marks each. Answer to these questions should not exceed 120 words each.
7. Section E – Question no. 30 is **Map Based** carrying 5 marks, with 2 parts, 30.1 from History (2 marks), and 30.2 from Geography (3 marks).
8. There is no overall choice in this question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.
9. In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question wherever necessary.

Section A

I Choose the right option for the questions below:

1x10=10

- 1 The force that originates in the interior of the earth is 1
 - a) Exogenic forces
 - b) Endogenic forces
 - c) Both (a) and (b)
 - d) None of these
- 2 A political party whose MLA s have won more than half the number of constituencies is 1
 - a) Majority
 - b) Minority
 - c) Opposition
 - d) All of these
3. The ruler that established his capital at Delhi is 1
 - a) Chauhan ruler
 - b) Tomara Rajput ruler
 - c) Turkish ruler
 - d) Khalji dynasty
4. The right description of the lithosphere is 1
 - a) Upper and middle mantle
 - b) Crust and upper mantle
 - c) lower and inner crust
 - d) deeper and upper crust
5. Genghis Khan was a ruler of the tribe 1
 - a) Turkish
 - b) Mongols
 - c) Huns
 - d) Kokkars
- 6 The child care centers in villages are called _____. 1
 - a) Gram sabha
 - b) Anganawadis
 - c) Gram Panchayat
 - d) Sthri Sangatan
- 7 Large stepped - wells were called 1
 - a) ponds
 - b) superstructures
 - c) quiblas
 - d) baolis
8. The best way to create new opportunities for women is 1
 - a) Household work
 - b) Education
 - c) protest
 - d) All of the above
- 9 Qutb Minar was built by 1
 - a) Qutubuddin Aibek
 - b) Iltutmish
 - c) Mohammed Ghori
 - d) Mohammed Gazni

10. The members of the legislative Assembly are elected by the _____. 1
a) President b) Chief Minister c) people d) None of these

II .Match the following **1x5=5**

A

- 11. Basalt
- 12. Delhiwal
- 13. Exogenic force
- 14. mansab
- 15. Stacks

B

- (a) Sea waves
- (b) rank
- (c) Coins minted in Delhi
- (d) Works on the earth's surface
- (e) Extrusive igneous rock

III. State whether true or false **1x5=5**

- 16. Genghis Khan was a leader of the Mongols.
- 17. The extrusive rocks have very fine grains.
- 18. Wages are high as domestic work is less valued.
- 19. Muhamad of Ghazni ruled over the entire Indian subcontinent.
- 20. There is a lot of opposition in educating boys.

Section B

Answer the following questions **3x2=15**

- 21. Explain the governance under the Mughals.
- 22. Write a short note on minerals.

Or

What are the uses of rocks?

- 23. Describe the role of the governor of the state.
- 24. Why are flood plains very fertile?
- 25. How and when did Delhi become an important city?

Section -C

Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: **5x2=10**

26. To a generation of connected, social media-savvy users, Satya Rani Chadha will not be a familiar name. But this was the name that launched the anti-dowry movement in Delhi and across India.

This was the woman who raged against the injustice of her own daughter's death by burns and spoke for every mother who had ever lost her daughter in a dowry-related death.

Through the 1980s, when dowry deaths were routinely passed off as kitchen accidents and described as acts of 'bride burning', an indefatigable Chadha attended rallies, seminars and protest marches—a campaign that led eventually to stricter laws, the setting up of special cells in police stations to monitor crimes against women and countless convictions.

Ironically, Chadha never got justice for her own daughter Shashi Bala's death.

A graduate of Delhi's Lakshmibai College. She was barely 20 when she married Subhash Chandra, then a manager with shoemaker Bata. Just 10 months later in 1979, Shashi Bala was dead. Apparently, the kerosene stove on which she was cooking burst into flames. She was six months pregnant.

Under the provisions of the law at that time, dowry was defined as ‘consideration of marriage’. Since the demand for a scooter was made after the marriage, Subhash Chandra could not be arrested. Undaunted, Chadha approached the Supreme Court. But the law had to be upheld, even if it was unjust.

Nearly 34 years after her daughter’s murder, Satya Rani Chadha had won in court. But there was no solace for her. “She was full of fire and epitomized the cause. You could feel her passion,” says lawyer Sanjoy Ghose who appeared on behalf of Chadha for Lawyer’s Collective. “She turned up once at a seminar for lawyers and judges with actual dowry victims. She turned the focus on those victims.”

As I got up to leave, she clutched my hand: “They will find him, won’t they? I will get justice for my daughter, won’t I?”

26.1 Who was Satya Rani Chadha?	1
26.2 How did Chaddha fight against dowry deaths in 1980s?	1
26.3 Who was Satya Rani s Daughter?	1
26.4 What did Satya Rani s ‘Son- in -Law’ demand?	1
26.5 Who was Satya Rani s lawyer?	1

27. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow:

Hindu rulers took gods’ name. Eg: Rajarajeshvara temple was built by King Rajarajadeva for the worship of his god, Rajarajeshvaram.

- Muslim Sultans and Padshahs did not claim to be incarnations of god but Persian court chronicles described the Sultan as the “Shadow of God”.
- Sultan Iltutmish [13th century] won respect for constructing a large reservoir just outside Dehli-i kuhna. It was called the hauz-i Sultani or the “King’s Reservoir”.
- As each new dynasty came to power, kings/emperors wanted to emphasise their moral right to be rulers.
- So constructing places of worship provided rulers with the chance to proclaim their close relationship with God, especially important in an age of rapid political change.
- Because kings built temples to demonstrate their devotion to God , their power and wealth. It is not surprising that when they attacked one another’s kingdoms, they often targeted these buildings for eg: Mahmud of Ghazni and others.

27.1 What was the emphasis laid by the emperors when new dynasties arose?	1
27.2 Why was Rajarajeshwara temple built?	1
27.3 Name the king who targeted the buildings for power and wealth.	1
27.4 How did the persian chronicles describe the sultans?	1
27.5 Name the reservoir built by Sultan Iltutmish.	1

Section- D

Answer the following questions

5x2=10

28. What is a rock? Name the three types of rocks.

Or

Explain the work of the river.

29. What are the elements of the Chahar bagh garden?

Section -E

30.1. On the given outline map of India locate and label:

(2+3)=5

a. Thanjavur b. Agra

30.2. Draw a rock cycle and label it.